MC-EP-1 Epoxy zinc rich primer

Product description

MC-EP-1 is a zinc rich primer based on epoxy resin, polyamide hardener and high content zinc powder. Offers cathodic protection to local mechanical damage. With quick drying and excellent adhesion on metal surface. It is a long-term protective primer on steel in severely corrosive environment.

Recommended use

Suitable for sip, offshore steel structure, storage tank, bridge etc in moderately to severely corrosive environment. The maximum service temperature at dry condition is 140°C.

Recommended film thickness and	spreading rate	
Film thickness, dry(μm)	25~100	
Film thickness, wet(µm)	40.3~161.3	
Theoretical spreading rate, m ² /l	24.8 6.2	
Basic characteristics		
Color	grey	
Volume Solids, %	62± 2	
Flash Point, °C	24 ± 2	
Density (mix), g/ml	2.3±0.05	
VOC, g/l	395 ± 10	
Solvent resistance	Good	
Corrosion resistance	Very good	

Surface preparation

Bare steel:

Roughness: using abrasives suitable to achieve medium grade (ISO 8503-2).

Cleanliness: blast cleaning to min. Sa 2 ½ (ISO 8501-1)

Steel coated with shopprimer:

Clean to St3 grade using sweep sandblasting or elastic grinding wheel.

Other surfaces:

The primer can be used on other substrates. Please contact our company for more information.

Condition during application

The temperature of the substrate should be at least 3° C above the dew point of the air, temperature and relative humidity measured in the vicinity of the substrate. In confined spaces provide adequate ventilation during application and drying.

Application methods

Spray: airless spray or air spray

Brush: recommended for precoating or small area coating only, multiple coats may be required to achieve the specified film thickness.

Application data

Mixing agitate component A and component B respectively, and then mixed thoroughly

Mixing ratio (weight) A:B=10:1

Pot life (23°C)	8 hours (Reduced at higher temperature)

Thinner/Cleaner MC-EX-1

Recommended airless spray parameters

Usage of hinner $0\sim10\%$ (weight)

Pressure at nozzle $15\sim22 \text{ MPa} \text{ (about } 150\sim220 \text{ kg/cm}^2\text{)}$.

Nozzle fp $0.38 \sim 0.53$ mm.

Spray angle $40 \sim 80^{\circ}$

Filter Check to ensure that filters are clean.

Drying time

Drying times are generally related to air circulation, temperature, film thickness and number of coats, and will be affected correspondingly. The figures given in the table are typical with:

Good ventilation (Outdoor exposure or free circulation of air)

Typical film thickness

One coat on top of inert substrate

Substrate temperature, °C	5	10	23	40
Surface dry, min	120	60	30	20
Through dry, h	30	16	12	8
Cured, d	10	8	5	3
Dry to recoat, minimum, h	30	16	12	8

The given data must be considered as guidelines only. The actual drying time/ recoat interval may be shorter or longer, depending on film thickness, ventilation, humidity, underlying paint system, requirement for early handling and mechanical strength etc.

Typical paint system

Subsequent coat: MIO epoxy coating, Acrylic polyurethane topcoat, Chlorinated rubber paint, but not suitable with alkyd paint and polyester paint.

Epoxy zinc rich primer 60 μ m MIO epoxy coating 200 μ m Acrylic polyurethane bpcoat μ m 2×40 Other systems may be formulated, depending on specific condition.

Note

Depending on purpose and area of use, the film thickness may be adjusted in a specified range. This will alter spreading rate and usage of thinner. In order to obtain good corrosion resistance, film thickness will be no less than 40µm.

This primer can not be used on insulation coating or underwater.

Storage

Storage conditions are to keep the containers in a cool, dry, well ventilated space and away from source of heat and ignition.

Containers must be kept tightly closed.

Handling

Handle with care.

Packing size

Component A in an 18 litre container and component B in a 4 litre container, or negotiation.

Health and safety

Before and during use of this product, please observe the precautionary notices displayed on the container. Be careful to avoid inhalation and skin contact of paint.

Spillage of paint on the skin should immediately be removed with a suitable cleanser, soap and water. Avoid using organic solvent. Eyes should be well flushed with water and then seek medical attention immediately. The product should be used under well-ventilated condition. If using in stagnant condition and narrow place, forced ventilation must be provided, and applicators should take corresponding measures to strengthen personnel protection.

For detailed information on the health and safety and precautions for use of this product, please consult our company.